

# PYTHON TEST - 1.12 (JUMP STATEMENTS)

Total points 50/50 ?

Jump Statements in Python

**STUDENT NAME \***

VIVA

✓ 1. Which jump statement is used to exit a loop immediately in Python? \* 1/1

- a) exit
- b) break
- c) continue
- d) stop



✓ 2. Which jump statement skips the current iteration and moves to the next in Python? \*1/1

- a) break
- b) exit
- c) continue
- d) stop



✓ 3. The break statement is used in: \* 1/1

- a) if condition only
- b) loops only
- c) both loops and if condition
- d) none



✓ 4. The continue statement is used in: \* 1/1

- a) loops only
- b) functions only
- c) conditional blocks only
- d) both loops and functions



✓ 5. Which loop terminates completely on encountering break? \* 1/1

- a) Only the innermost loop ✓
- b) All loops together
- c) Outer loop always
- d) None

✓ 6. What happens if break is used inside a for loop? \* 1/1

- a) Loop skips one iteration
- b) Loop terminates immediately ✓
- c) Loop continues infinitely
- d) Error occurs

✓ 7. Code: \* 1/1

```
for i in range(5):  
    if i == 3:  
        break  
    print(i)  
Output?
```

- a) 0 1 2 3 4
- b) 0 1 2 ✓
- c) 0 1 2 3
- d) Error

✓ 8. In nested loops, break affects: \*

1/1

- a) All loops
- b) Only the inner loop
- c) The outer loop
- d) None



✓ 9. Which of the following can terminate a loop immediately? \*

1/1

- a) pass
- b) continue
- c) break
- d) return



✓ 10. Code: \*

1/1

```
while True:
```

```
    print("Hello")
```

```
    break
```

Output?

- a) Infinite Hello
- b) Hello (once)
- c) No output
- d) Error



✓ 11. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(5):
```

```
    if i == 2:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    print(i)
```

Output?

a) 0 1 2 3 4

b) 0 1 3 4

✓

c) 2 3 4

d) Error

✓ 12. What happens if continue is used inside a loop? \*

1/1

a) Exits the loop completely

b) Skips the current iteration

✓

c) Restarts the loop

d) Terminates the program



✓ 13. Code: \*

1/1

```
x = 0  
  
while x < 5:  
    x += 1  
    if x == 3:  
        continue  
    print(x)
```

- a) 1 2 3 4 5
- b) 1 2 4 5
- c) 2 3 4 5
- d) 1 2 3 5

✓

✓ 14. Which statement is used to skip executing code inside a loop for a particular iteration?

\*1/1

- a) break
- b) continue
- c) exit
- d) stop

✓

✓ 15. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(4):
```

```
    if i == 0:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    print(i)
```

Output?

a) 0 1 2 3

b) 1 2 3



c) 2 3

d) Error

✓ 16. Which statement stops loop execution completely? \*

1/1

a) break



b) continue

c) exit()

d) pass

✓ 17. Which statement skips remaining statements in the current iteration? \* 1/1

a) continue



b) break

c) pass

d) exit



✓ 18. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(5):
```

```
    if i < 3:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    else:
```

```
        break
```

```
    print(i)
```

Output?

- a) 3 4
- b) Infinite loop
- c) No output
- d) Error

✓

✓ 19. Which statement is more useful to skip certain values in loops? \*

1/1

- a) break
- b) continue
- c) exit()
- d) pass

✓

✓ 20. Which statement is used to exit the loop but not the program? \* 1/1

a) continue

b) break

c) exit()

d) pass



✓ 21. Code: \* 1/1

```
for ch in "python":
```

```
    if ch == "h":
```

```
        break
```

```
    print(ch)
```

Output?

a) p y t

b) p y t h

c) p y

d) Error



✓ 22. Code: \*

1/1

```
for ch in "python":
```

```
    if ch == "h":
```

```
        continue
```

```
    print(ch)
```

Output?

- a) python
- b) p y t o n
- c) p y t h o n
- d) Error



✓ 23. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(10):
```

```
    if i % 2 == 0:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    print(i)
```

Output?

- a) 0 2 4 6 8
- b) 1 3 5 7 9
- c) 2 4 6 8
- d) Error



✓ 24. Code: \*

1/1

```
count = 0
```

```
while count < 5:
```

```
    count += 1
```

```
    if count == 4:
```

```
        break
```

```
    print(count)
```

Output?

- a) 1 2 3 4
- b) 1 2 3
- c) 1 2
- d) 1 2 3 4 5

✓

✓ 25. Can break and continue be used outside loops? \*

1/1

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Only break
- d) Only continue

✓

✓ 26. In nested loops, continue applies to: \*

1/1

- a) All loops
- b) Only the current loop where it is written
- c) Outer loop always
- d) None



✓ 27. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(3):  
    for j in range(3):  
        if j == 1:  
            break  
        print(i, j)  
Output?
```

- a) (0,0)(0,1)(0,2)...
- b) (0,0)(1,0)(2,0)
- c) (0,0)(0,1)(1,0)...
- d) None



✓ 28. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(3):  
    for j in range(3):  
        if j == 1:  
            continue  
        print(i, j)
```

Output?

- a) All pairs except j=1
- b) Only j=1
- c) Infinite loop
- d) Error

✓

✓ 29. Which is true? \*

1/1

- a) break skips current iteration
- b) continue exits loop
- c) break exits loop immediately
- d) continue exits loop immediately

✓



✓ 30. Can break and continue be used together in the same loop? \*

1/1

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Only break allowed
- d) Only continue allowed



✓ 31. What will happen? \*

1/1

```
for i in range(5):
```

```
    if i == 2:
```

```
        break
```

```
    else:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    print(i)
```

- a) 0 1
- b) 0 1 2
- c) No output
- d) Error



✓ 32. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(5):
```

```
    if i < 2:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    print(i)
```

Output?

a) 0 1 2 3 4

b) 2 3 4



c) 1 2 3 4

d) 0 2 4

✓ 33. Code: \*

1/1

```
i = 0
```

```
while i < 5:
```

```
    i += 1
```

```
    if i == 5:
```

```
        break
```

```
    print(i)
```

Output?

a) 1 2 3 4 5

b) 1 2 3 4



c) 0 1 2 3 4

d) Infinite loop



✓ 34. The opposite of continue in loops is: \*

1/1

- a) pass
- b) break
- c) exit
- d) return



✓ 35. What will be printed? \*

1/1

```
for i in range(3):  
    for j in range(3):  
        if i == j:  
            continue  
        print(i, j)  
Output?
```

- a) Skips equal pairs
- b) Prints all pairs
- c) Prints only equal pairs
- d) Error



✓ 36. Can continue stop a loop? \*

1/1

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Sometimes
- d) Only in for loop



✓ 37. Can break be used in for loop with else? \*

1/1

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Only in while
- d) Error



✓ 38. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(3):
```

```
    if i == 2:
```

```
        break
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("Completed")
```

Output?

- a) Completed
- b) No output
- c) Error
- d) 0 1 2



✓ 39. Can continue affect loop else? \*

1/1

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Only in while
- d) Error



✓ 40. break statement is generally used with: \*

1/1

- a) switch case
- b) loops
- c) functions
- d) classes



✓ 41. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(3):
```

```
    if i == 1:
```

```
        break
```

```
    print(i)
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("Done")
```

Output?

- a) 0 Done
- b) 0
- c) 1
- d) Done



✓ 42. Code: \*

1/1

```
for i in range(3):
```

```
    if i == 1:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    print(i)
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("Done")
```

Output?

a) 0 2 Done

✓

b) 0 1 2 Done

c) 0 Done

d) Done only

✓ 43. Can break terminate infinite loop? \*

1/1

a) Yes

✓

b) No

c) Only in while loop

d) Only in for loop

✓ 44. Which of the following doesn't terminate loop execution? \*

1/1

- a) break
- b) continue
- c) return
- d) exit()



✓ 45. Can continue create infinite loop if not used carefully? \*

1/1

- a) Yes
- b) No



✓ 46. Which jump statement is optional in Python loops? \*

1/1

- a) break
- b) continue
- c) both
- d) None



✓ 47. break can also be used inside: \*

1/1

- a) try-except
- b) functions
- c) switch-case (if implemented)
- d) None



✓ 48. Code: \*

1/1

```
while True:
```

```
    break
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("Else")
```

Output?

- a) Else
- b) No output
- c) Infinite loop
- d) Error



✓ 49. Which keyword resumes next iteration of loop? \*

1/1

- a) next
- b) continue
- c) break
- d) skip



✓ 50. Which jump statement is not part of Python? \*

1/1

- a) break
- b) continue
- c) goto
- d) None



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